

The Rev. A. Kaukan and the Rev. Ioani Ii ave been duly licensed to celebrate marriage comformity with Sec. 1,283 of the Civil Code. Mr. Kasiawahia has this day been appointed Road Supervisor for the district of Lahaina, Island of Mani.

F. W. HUTCHISON, House Office, April 28, 1868.

A brief sketch of the results of the expedition for the relief of the distressed on Hawaii by reason of the volcanic disturbances, was made to the Assembly on Friday, by His Excellency the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The visit of the King embraced all the districts most convalsed by the earthquakes and eruptions. The first port visited on Huwaii, was Hilo, at which place, as well as all through Puna, many had found a refuge from the destruction which had overwhelmed their homes.

The people having been notified of the arrival and purpose of the King, gathered around him, and their cases we erpatiently investigated and judicious relief dispensed. while all had an opportunity to relate their experiences to their Sovereign, and receive sympathy and advice from him personally. Relief extended in such a manner and through such a channel, becomes to the Hawaiian a moral as well as a physical relief, and its effect upon their spirits in reviving hope and courage under misfortune was as evident, as the increase of their bodily comfort.

At Keauhou, Punaluu and Kealualu similar gatherings of the people were held and their sorest needs supplied, up to the exhaustion of the stores sent forward by the Government. Eight hundred persons were relieved, some of whom had lost everything they possessed by the tidal wave, and others by the mud eruption, and some were suffering for even necessary clothing. Happily the wants of the Hawaiian are simple, and his necessities few, and as the taro lands have not been destroyed to any large extent, and as the tackle for fishing in the sea can be replaced by their own ingenuity and labor, there will result from these volcanic disturbances no starvation or extensive suffering from long deprivation of the staples of life. But there are women and children left without husbands and fathers, and there are families who cannot at once replace their loss of the means of livelihood. and there is that depression and discouragement under the overwhelming and total destruction of houses and household appliances, which must result in physical dis tress for a time at least. The situation is such, as may properly call upon the charity, kindness and sympathy of us who have escaped untouched in person and property,

The visit of the King was opportune. not only in giving aid and comfort immediately, but in showing the extent of the losses, and how private benevolence can most effectually supplement the relief already bestowed. It is in just such emergencies as this, that the public spirit and virtue of a community may exhibit itself in the brightest colors, and deeds of charity be done, which shall be held in lasting remembrance by those who may be the recipients of the bounty.

To meet these further needs of the peo ple in Kau, the active sympathies of Her Majesty Dowager Queen Emma have been awakened. She has already collected a considerable fund, and it is to be hoped that her application for assistance in this good work, to the hearts of our communi-

ty may result in a generous response.

It is a matter of great thankfolness that so few lives were lost; let us not forget the living who, having been spared, a through their destitution, proper subjects for our care and consideration.

## THE TREATY.

We received not long since the monthly report of the Director of the Bureau of Statistics, for December, of the United States Treasury Department. The portion on Hawaii has been prepared by the Director, Alex. Delmar, with special reference to the Reciprocity Treaty, now under very thorough statement of our resources, trade and prospects, interesting to us as showing how we are viewed from a distant

Our importance as a station for steamers traversing the Pacific is briefly sketched. and his view of the future is, that we shall be the way station for a steamer line from Panama to Hongkong and San Francisco to Sydney. We glean a few of the statements of the Report: "The aggregate declared value of all imports of unrefined sugars, syrups and molasses into the United States from all countries, during the past eight years, 1860 to 1867 inclusive, was about \$275,000,000. The value of such portion of these articles, entered, as coming from the Hawaiian Islands during the same period was about \$3,000,000 or a little more than one and one-third per cent of the whole.

1862, the United States took one-third; of that of 1863 two-fifths; of that of 1864 a little more than two-fifths.

"The total trade of the Islands with all

three-fourth millions; that of the United States was \$450,000,000 gold. The total trade therefore of the Islands, compared with that of the United States, was in the ratio of eighty-three cents to one hundred

"It is the want of capital, as much as any other cause, which has retarded the sugar culture in the Hawaiian Islands. With capital it is safe to predict that the group will become, for its size, one of the most successful sugar-producing countries in the world."

The statistical tables are full, and show just what will be the operation of the Treaty on the revenue of the United States

There are some here who are disposed to lose heart and give up the Treaty as unattainable. We commend to such a careful perusal of the Congressional document prepared by Mr. Delmar.

Senate can be laid to substantial causes other than hostility, and up to the Eastern dates brought by the Murray, we see no reason to say to one another "I told you so." There are always an abundance of coast visited by the tidal wave, and the croakers, and we hope no true friend of

the Treaty will join their ranks. We cather from the tables that, For the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1867, we bought of the United States of their

A total of .... We sold to them during the same period \$1,005,783 Of which, foreign merchandise reexported 72.806

Leaving of our dom, produce the amount of \$992,979 These figures show that the difference of exchange between the domestic products of the two countries may be said to be nearly equal, and if untrammelled with duties on either side would without doubt

An interesting fact appears in comparing with the tables, which show the effect of the proposed reciprocity. Under its action we find, taking the gross value of the articles imported by either country from the other, during 1867, that the United States will release from duty imports from us valued at \$634,258, and we the duty on goods imported from them valued at \$639. 106. We therefore release a greater taxable basis than they by \$4.848, not a large amount truly, yet in comparison of the wealth and resources of the two countries quite noticeable when the figures run against the poorer party. It brings out strongly the fact, that the sacrifice is not wholly on the United States, that the revenue question, an important consideration with us, is hardly worth attention with

The sacrifice on the part of the United States, which has been most set forth by those who desire to defeat the Treaty, is that the duties given up by them amount to so much more than those sacrificed by

irrespective of our treaty, and therefore if released from our sugars now, cannot be alled a gift to us. If our treaty be ratified to-day its advantage to us will be diminished by this reduction of duty on

for Senators to contemplate. The trade of Hawaii is worth a larger bid than that, or else the newspapers have been astray the past year in their editorials?

the duties remitted under the treaty will will never much exceed the figure given in the table for 1867.

Looking through the interesting facts regarding Hawaii, and the comprehensive tables given by Mr. Delmar, we regard the whole document as a powerful argument in favor of the treaty taken from the Ameri-

Kilonen, which left Keuluafu on the 21st inst. The immense and terrible lava flow on Kaconsideration by the Senate. It gives a huku had entirely ceased, or at least there are no visible signs that it is flowing in subterranean channels.

The lava which burst from the mountain ide on the 7th, and made such a magnificent display that the few tourists who witnessed the scene congraulated themselves upon their good fortune, continued but a few days ere its fires died out, and the rapid river of lava ing, when the fountain ceases to supply the lava, that the crust may be safely walked upon although it may be hot enough to ern, and the still liquid lave may be seen

into several streams, only one of which reached the sea. That which destroyed Capt. Brown's house passed down a mile or two and ceased but a short distance from the Catholic Church. The main stream fell over the precipice, and has thrown up at the sea a This stream is as, or jagged, rough lava. It is bordered on the Kona side by a stream of "Of the sugar crop of the Islands of pahochor or smooth lava, the length and exference is made to it in the letter of Rev. Mr. Williamson, which we give below.

A party of gentlemen from the steamer visited the flow at Capt." Brown's residence, the world, in 1865, was about three and he being their guide on the occasion. The lava has left, uncovered, several places, tops of hills and grassy spots, which look like islands in the black, sterile as which surmoval have been slaughtered. It seems wonderful that any should have escaped the effects of the heat, or the stiffing guses of the cruption. The wildest bullocks on these spots have been so terrified that they are

men who are trying to rescue them.

Capt. Brown, with his stick to test any suspicious spots, led the way over the lava still so hot as almost to be unbearable, to the top of a hill which had not been submerged, from whence a distant sight was obtained of the head of the stream. This looked like a cavern in the mountain, as if it had burst, and from its deep recess had lessed forth the desolating black stream whose destructive course could be traced to the sea. No fire could be seen at any place; a little smoke, here and there, alone indicated report was accepted. little smoke, here and there, alone indicated naining heat."

creat a curiosity as the lava stream at Kainkn. We hope to have accurate observations upon it, hereafter, to give our readers. We know that it was thrown out with great violence, and accomplished the distance of three miles in an incredibly short space of time-instantly, we may say. Goats, fleeing for their lives, were caught at its further limit by the hind legs, and held fast, while their fore legs were left free. We now hear that it must have been shot out of the mountain like a cannon ball, or water under pressminiured and uncovered. It would not be strange if such were the fact, for the suddeness and violence of the eruptions (both of he earth at Kejwa, and the lave at Kabuku), licate enormous pressure within the mount-The floor of the crater of Kilauea has ank about 500 feet, and no fire is visible. There are a number of tourists upon Hawaii | Bills at present, and many facts will be gleaned of this interesting eruption. We shall have next week an account of the living lava steam, as een by an observer, which is crowded out, and give our readers the following further account of the phenomena at Kona.

nd it increased in density until the sun itself On Sunday, the 12th, there was a decided change for the better, and this, together with the report that a new crater was formed near Maiohinu, and was in active operation, reassured the remaining inhabitants of Kona, many of whom however had, and I think wisely and prudently, withdrawn from the e operation of the new crater at Kahuku ible from my house, although but a matter

woweo has commerced operations again, have watched for some sign of this, but have not been able to discover any. I purpose making a journey to the vicinity of the disturbance, so that I may use my own senses, and not have to rely upon others.

My list of carthquakes for the past week is and I am not at all sorry a you may income.

and I am not at all sorry, as you may in

agine), small. It is as follows:

Wednesday, Sth April - 5:30 A. M., moderate;
8:25 A. M., light, accompanied with a rushing
sound; 12:12 M., long and distinct motion;
5:41 P. M., same as last; 9:05 P. M., distinct
movement of the parth.

Thursday 9th.—A few slight undulations,
but no distinct sheet.

out no distinct shock, Friday 10th. -6:02 a. M., heavy shock; 6:40

day 11th. -5:40 a. M., moderately smart

lay 14th.-6:44 A. M., moderate; 5:14

M., moderate. APRIL 21st —We have had a short respite which we did. Where the new flow has crossed the road, I do not consider it to be more than 200 feet; and perhaps 500 feet in the widest part. There was no indication of five flowing, aithough I could see glowing lava about a foot below the surface, where the eracks allowed that depth 40 be seen. If the new stream has run into the sea, and formed a small hill away from the old land. The stream comprises two beds, one of partochoe, the other of as, and they run side by side. When I visited the spot smoke was rising from orifices on different parts of the ecooling stream. I counted seven of these. The activity, as witnessed by a few fortunate individuals, was of very short duration. There is no reason to suppose that the interior has disgorged the whole of its disturbing element. We have an earthquake daily of greater or less intensity. While away I was unable to note the occurrence of shocks, but I have the following:

\*Wednessing\*, 18th—16.50 p. M. moderates\*

creiay, 18th-10:50 P. M., moderate. Sandrudy, 18th-12 P. M., moderate.
Sanday, 18th-12 P. M., moderate.
Monday, 20th-8:45 P. M., light;
Thesday 21st-630 A. M., light; 7:58 A.
moderately heavy. So you see we have
two shocks to day.
Voors teels

Yours traly.

PROCEEDINGS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY---1868.

SEVENTE DAY, SATURDAY, April 25.

Prayer by Mr. Pilipo in the absence of the Minutes of preceding day read, and ap-

PETITION.-Mr. Martin presented a petition rom Kau, acking that the letter enrier may be regularly dispatched every Monday from Vajohinu to Hilo. Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

ember was sworn in. Mr. Kamakau also reported in regard to the

Mr. Kamakau reported on the petition fro Mr. Kamakau reported on the petition from Hanalei, Kanai, against Mr. Kankaha, and on the petition from Waimea, Kauai, against Mr. Kindsen. The committee could find no fault with the said elections, and therefore recom-mended that the petitions be laid upon the

His Ex., C. deVarigny moved to accept the

Mr. Hitchcock said that the report was to be laid upon the table for further action of the House, and that now nothing definite could

the question.

Mr. Kunkaha said that he was at the Polls all day, and nothing illegal was done.

Mr. Kenwehunahala said that the law pro-

Mr. Keawehunahala said that the law pro-vided for the punishment of Inspectors of Election, but that their misdeeds should not affect the sitting of any member. The motion was lost and the report of the

Resolutions .- Mr. Kalakaua offered a res olution that this body at end the funeral of Sergeaut-at-Arms supply the members with crape, and the House go into mourning 14 days for said deceased, a member of the House of Nobles. Passed.

Mr. Kain asked leave to introduce certain Bills, of which he had given notice. Granted. A Bill giving jurisdiction for the trial of cases of scandal, &c., by Police Justices. Bill

Mr. Kall introduced in the Constitution, mendment to Section 56, of the Constitution, e the order of the day for Monday. Passed the order of the day for Monday. Mr. Nahaku introduced a resolution that the pay of the Secretary of the House be fixed at \$10 per diem. The Translator \$10 per diem, and Messenger and Janitor \$1,50

Mr. Kalu moved to amend by paying th Translator \$12 per diem, the Messenger \$3 Janiter \$1,50. His Ex. C. de Varigny amended by substi-

and Janitor \$1,30. Carried.

Mr. Lyons presented a resolution as follows:
RESOLVED—That the Sanitary Committee of
the House be instructed to inquire into the action of the Board of Health with respect to
the Hospitals for Lepers at Kalihi and on Molokal, and report to the House, and also to report the advisability of further Legislative measures with reference to this unfortunate

Onder or the Day-The bill entitled " An Act to change the time of sitting of the Court of the 3d Circuit," Bill passed its third read-ing and was ordered to the Enrollment Com-

ctor General of Customs to permit the withadjournments of Courts in the absence of the presiding Judge," passed its second reading. On motion of Mr. Judd the bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee to correct the Ha-waiian translation.

The bill entitled "An Act to enlarge the ju-

sound reading. His Ex., S. H. Phillips said the nature the bill was, to leave it with the presiding, Judge, as to where certain cases should be tried, as often times it would be for the interest of the prisoners to be tried at Honolulu or elsewhere. He then moved to refer the bill to

elsewhere. He then moved to refer the bill to the Judiciary Committee. Parsed. Mr. Lyons then offered an amending clause. Cases shall not be removed for trial from the district where the crime or misdemeanor has een committed, except with the consent of defendant or his counsel." Passed.

On motion of His Ex., C. deVarigny, the Assembly adjourned.

proved. REPORTS OF CORRITTEES.-Mr. Kamakau reported from the Judiciary Committee that the Bill referred to them for inspection of the translation was corrected. The report was

of the Special Committee.

Mr. Kalakaus moved to indefinitely postpone. Lost.
Mr. Keliipio's motion was ear ied—18 to 17.

The address was ordered to engrossment.

RESOLUTION—Mr. Hitchcook moved that a Special Committee be appointed to which all cases of disputed translation may be referred.

The Chair ruled that Mr. H. was out of Mr. H. then moved to suspend the rules for

Kalakaun and C. J. Lyons.

Mr. Kalakaun moved that a committee be appointed to consider and report the right of Hen. John II to sit in the Assembly.

Mr. Kenwehunahala moved to lay on the table. He said that the same Nobles sitting now, and in the last session, and every one knew who they were. It was against the dig-nity of the House to offer such a resolution. We might as well inspect the right of the

Special Committee.

Mr. Kalakana said he felt it his duty to

be examined also.

Mr. Reawchanahala moved that the Nobles show their oredentials.

Mr. W. C. Jones read the law. He thought that the Assembly had no right to inspect the

redentials of the Nobles, or of the King either But the Constitution of 1864 says that the As-sembly shall be the judge of the qualifications of its own members. He thought that the Nobles and Representatives should not sit to-gether, but we have no right to examine the

credentials of the Nobles.

Mr. Kankaha opposed the motion of the member from Waialua, because the law which we are now discussing, was made by some of the very gentlemen who are now in the House, and it was foolish to continually bring up this question of the rights of the Nobles. If we know that any are not sitting here rightfully, then it will be time to examine the matter. Mr. Upa objected to the motion, because that it was personal. It belongs to the King to name the Nobles, and with his appointments

we could not meddle.

Mr. E. Jones moved to indefinitely postpo
Mr. Hitchcock moved the order of the d

Passed.

Hon. J. O. Dominis asked permission for the Committee to reply to the King's address, to retire. Granted.

The rules were suspended, and the Chair read the resignation of W. C. Jones, from South K.

South Kona. His Ex. S. H. Phillips moved to refer the

resignation to the Judiciary Committee, so that it could be determined if any one was legally elected from that district.

Mr. Lyons moved to amend by accepting the resignation, and ordering a new election in South Kona.

Mr. Judd wished to accept the resignation

at once, as the Kilmea was going to-day and we should not deprive that District of a rep-resentative any longer than necessary. Ets Ex. S. H. Phillips wished the member from Kohala to amend, and declare the seat for South Kona vacant, for it we accept the resignation it would be equivalent to admit-ting that the gentleman had a right to sit.

Mr. Lyons accepted the suggestion, but sished that notice should be immediately sent South Kena.

Mr. Kaukaha wished to bear the reasons

of the member from South Kona. Mr. Koakanu said that this reeignation was South Kona was not a toot, but educated, and he kin w more than many members who now sit here. He had stated his case very forcibly a few days since, and he (Mr. Koakanu) thought this resignation uncalled for, and therefore was against accepting it.

His Ex. F. W. Hutchison moved that the member from South Kona be allowed the floor. Correct

floor. Carried. Mr. Jones then said that by the D. C. Mur.

Mr. Jones then said that by the D. C. Murry he had received news concerning affairs, such that perhaps his presence would be required in California. At any rate he could not attend properly to his legislative duties and therefore wished the people of South Kona should supply his place

The Vice President stated the question before the House.

RESOLVED, "That the seat for South Kona

vacant, and notice shall be sent immediate-for a new election."

His Ex. S. H. Phillips said if we accept this

resignation, it would be admitting that the gentleman had something to resign. If a seat be contested, and a contestant choses to with-draw, he should say, "I withdraw all claim draw, he should say, "I withdraw all claim to this sent." Suppose that in an election one who is inciligible, gets a majority of the votes, if it is proven that he has no right, then who has the right to the seat. The member from South Kona tells us, that all along he has been intending to cesign; suddenly he does resigns. Shall we then act hastily upon it? The Assembly can not decide without examination as to who has the right to the seat. As we can not agree upon the form of a motion, let this whole question be referred to the Judiciary Committee. The Committees are Judiciary Committee. The Committees are for the examination of all questions referred by the House and should not be ignored.

Mr. Keawehunahala approved. The House should not do any thing without thought.

The member from S. Kona had deceived the House a long time by sitting here with the design to resign, and now shall we treat him with too much consideration? The question is, "Is the seat for South Kona vacant?"

The House must say whether it is or not. If is, "Is the seat for South Kona vacant?"
The House must say whether it is or not. If
the House takes this out of the hands of the
Judiciary Committee, we might as well ab-lish
all Standing Committees.
Mr. Judd amended, to declare the seat for

South Kona vacant.

His Ex. C. de Varigny objected, as the seat

had never been filled.

The motion of Mr. Phillips was here read as follows: The letter of W. C. Jones shall be referred to the Judiciary Committee, for them to decide who, if any one, has a right to the seat for South Kona.

Mr. Lyons said, he regretted that the member from South Kona had not stood forth like a man, and admitted that he had not been in the country 3 years. He wished to state that in his remarks the other day, he had not argued the eligibility of the member, but that the House had no right to set upon it without

some one else had a right to the seat. He thought that the seat should be declared vacant and a new election ordered.

Mr. Knudsen said he thought that no one here believed that the gentleman had a right to the seat, but he thought that as the seat

was vacant, a new election should be ordered.

His Ex. S. H. Phillips said that he wished to close the debate if no one else had any thing to say.

Mr. Boyd said the gentleman had no right to his seat and the House should not acknowledged him in the first place. ole thing was wrong from beginning to

end. He was of opinion that the sent has been vacant from the beginning. Mr. Rishop amended, moving to lay upon the table the resignation of W. C. Jones, and declaring the seat for South Kona vacant. He did not believe that a single one in the House believed that Mr. Jones had any

right to the seat. His Ex. S. H. Phillips understood that the alternative is this shall the letter be laid upon the table, or be referred to the Com-mittee? He still hoped that it would be referred to the Judiciary Committee. It was likely that the district of South Kona would be unrepresented several days. Whose Iault was it? A gentleman offered himself here, and resisted the motion to have his case ex and resisted the motion to have his case ex-amined before the Judiciary Committee. Yet although he had asked several days delay of the Committee, he had done nothing. Now, at the last moment, he throws in a resignation, upon which we are required to act at once, and order a new election. Sup-less that by the stemper this exemps an pose that by the steamer this evening an order is sent. Perhaps the gentleman will go up and say that the House have undorsed him, and he ought to be re-elected. What then becomes of the representation of the District? If the electors do not elect an eligble person it is the same as if they had not been at all to the polls. Now the minority have rights which can not be ignored. He d not think that the rights of the people of outh Kona would be injured by a delay of a

few days.

The motion to lay upon the table was put mittee was carried. The Bill to authorise the Collector General

Customs, etc., was reported engressed. His Ex. C. de Varigny moved it be read by its title.

The Bill passed its 3d reading.

The House took up the report of the Judiciary Committee, on the Bill to "Enlarge the Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court," and, on motion of Mr. Hitchcock, it was read as amend-

ed by the Committee.

His Ex. S. H. Phillips moved the amendments be accepted. Carried. He then moved that the Bill be taken from

retary. It relates to increased pay of the epresentatives.
Mr. Hitchcock moved that the amendment Motion withdrawn, and His Ex. S. H. Phil-

Hon. V. Knudsen was called to the chair.

Hon. V. Knudsen was caused to the chair.

The first section was read.

Mr. Keawehunshala moved to strike out
"Clerk of the Supreme Court," and insert
"Clerk of the Attorney General." He thought
this should be done, as it was evident that the
Clerk of the Supreme Court had his hands
full, but the Clerk of the Attorney General did

mil, but the terk of the Attorney General and nothing in particular.

His Kx. the Attorney General wished to know what the Clerk of the Attorney General should do with these reports. All he could do would be to tie them up with red tape and hand them to the Chief Justice.

Mr. Keawebunahala's amendment was lost,

and the first section passed.

The Bill passed through the Committee, and was reported to the Assembly by the Chair-

On motion of the Attorney General, the Bill entitled "An Act to provide for an addi-tional term of the Circuit Court in the 3d Cir-

out was read.

Mr. Keawehuoahala moved that the Bill be made the order for Wednesday. Passed.

On motion of His Ex. C. de Varigny the House adjourned.

Nixth Dat, Tensbar, April 28.

House met at 10 A. M. H. H. M. Keku anaoa in the chair.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Minutes of the preceeding day read.

Mr. Kalakaua moved to expunge from the sinutes his motion in regard to J. H. Carried. The minutes, as amended, were approved. Partrions.—Mr. Keliipio presented a pet on from Ewa and Waianae on the election i that district, Referred to Judiciary Committee. Mr. Lyons presented a petition from North Kohala asking for a Court House and jail. Also to do away with School Tax. Referred

Also, to reduce the Horse Tax. Also not to increase Property Tax. Referred.

Mr. W. T. Martin presented a petition from Kau, asking that the District Court be held at

His Ex. P. W. Hutchison presented a petition from Honolulu, asking an appropriation for the improvement of Liliha Street. Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements. Mr. Rhodes presented a petition from the Military, asking for an increase of pay. His Ex. C. de Varigny moved to lay the pe-

ion upon the table.

Mr. Keliipio moved to refer to the proper

Mr. Koakanu supported this motion.

Mr. Mahelona said that a very large sum was appropriated for the military, and as far as he could see, the common sudders get very little pay. Now a petition comes in from this very body, complaining fo insufficient pay. He though that the soldiery was upholding the dignity of the Government, they worked hard, day and night, and should receive at least enough to decently support them.

His Ex. C. de Varigny did not object to hearing from the soldiers, but he objected to this mixing up of soldiers pay with other matters, therefore his motion.

Mr. Keawehunahala moved to amend by laying upon the table, to be considered when the appropriation for military is under discussion. Tabled.

Refore the committees.—Chairman of En-Mr. Koakanu supported this motion.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.—Chairman of Enrollment Committee reported that the King approved of the Bill changing time for holding

ourt in the 4th Circuit.

Mr. Kamakau reported from Judielary Comittee on the case of W. C. Jones, that the Mr. Kamakau reported from Judielary Committee on the case of W. C. Jones, that the Committee agree that in the matter of his election, Article 51 of the Constitution had not been complied with, and the Clerk of the Assembly, shall, according to Section 79 of the Constitution, order a new election in the district. Report adopted.

Mr. Dominis reported that the committee to reply to His Majesty's address, waited upon him at 12 M., Monday, and presented the address prepared by the House, and the committee communicated His Majesty's reply to the House. Report adopted and committee discharged.

RESOLUTIONS-Mr. Hitchcock moved to sur

pend the rules and consider the amendment to Article 56 of the Constitution, relating to an ncrease of pay of the members. The amendment passed its first reading.

The amendment passed its first reading.

Mr. Nahaku gave notice of a Bill to amend
Sections 92 and 94 of the Civil Code.

Mr. W. T. Martin offered a resolution
that the Minister of Interior furnish the inhabitants of Kau land patents free of charge.

Referred.

Referred.

His Ex. F. W. Hutchison presented the items of expenditure of His Majesty's visit to Kau and the several districts afflicted by the late cruption. In all \$6,844 48. In view of this expense, he offered a resolution, that the same, Referred to the Finance Committee. Resolution by Mr. Koskanu, that the House consider the amountment of Interpreter and

oneider the appointment of Interpreter and soint Mr. McCully in his place. Indefinite-Mr. Bishop gave notice of a resolution needing one of the Rules of the Assembly. Amending one of the Rules of the Assembly,
His Ex. S. H. Phillips gave notice of the
Appropriation Bill. Also an Act to indemnify
the Minister of Finance. An Act to amend
Chapter 35, Civil Code, relating to interest on

Mr. Kalakana asked leave to introduce a ill. Granted. The Bill was read, to repeal Sec. 1, Chap.

Mr. Kenwehunahala moved to reject the Carried. Nahaku offered a resolution that the travelling expenses of Governors of Mani and Kanai be paid the same as last session. Passed. His Ex. S. H. Phillips then moved the order of the day. The Bill entitled "An Act to proof the day. The Bill entitled "An Act to provide for the adjournment of Court in the absence of presiding Justice." Passed its 2d reading, was ordered engrosament.

On motion of His Ex. S. H. Phillips, the Bill to provide for an additional term of the

3d Circuit Court, was considered in The Bill was read by sections.

Mr. Lyons moved to amend Section 153, by striking out the word "November" and sub-stituting "October." On explanation of His Ex. S. B. Phillips, Mr. Lyons withdrew his amendment. The remaining sections were passed, and the Assembly accepted the report, and the Bill passed its second reading.

The Bill, "To transfer the supervision of the Police and Executive officers of the Law from the Department of Interior to that of the Attorney General," was read.

The Assembly went into committee of the whole. Mr. Judd in the chair.

The Bill was read by sections. Mr. Nahackelua amended to strike out the word "and" "constables" in Section J. Amendment accepted. On explanation of His Ex. S. B. Phillips.

His Ex. S. H. Phillips introduced a new ection as Section 4. The Bill passed and the Committee rose.

The report of the Committee was approved a the Assembly, and, on motion, the Bill was

rdered to be engrossed.
On motion of the Minister of Interior, the bill relating to the Boundary Commissioner. passed the first reading.

Mr. Hitchcock moved to refer the Bill to the Committee on Government Lands and Internal Improvements. Carried.
Assembly adjourned.

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From No. 1 to No. 8, to arrive per Ship Syren, at greatly reduced prices by A SMALL LOT OF

Ladies' and Misses' Silk Cloaks. Direct from Paris, very hands me, and for sale cheap. ALSO.

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THE A1 CLIPPER BARK D. C. Murray. N. T. BENNETT, Commi Having a large part of her can

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BENDALIUM Feb 26 Fan Francisco Mar 10
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RATES OF PASSAGE HAVE BEEN RE-850 | Steerage, \$30 Through freight to Portland and Victoria Liberal Advances Made on all

Shipments per Steamer. Insurance guaranteed at lower rates than by lling vessels. Particular care taken of shipments of Fruit.
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Will run during the next quarter as follows LEAVING HONOLULU Monday, April 29 Monday, April 27 Monday, May 4 Ionday, March 30 Monday, April 6 Monday, April 13 Laying up the Week commencing Monday. May 11th.

Monday, May 18 Monday, June & At 44 P. M., precisely, touching at Labatua. Kalepelepe,

Kattus, Kawaihae, and Mahukena.

—Axii Lhavina

Kealakekua, Wednesday, ahout noon,
Kailua, Wednesday evenings,
Kawalhae a Mahukona, Thursday evenings,

Arriving back at Honolulu Saturday mornings. Passengers will be landed at Makee's Landing. On Thursday, June 25th

She will leave for Kolon and Walmen, Kauni, At 41 P. M., Arriving back on Saturday, the 27th.

WALKER & ALLEN, Agents. For Molokai. The Schooner

KAMAILE. Will run as a regular packet between He and Pokoo. For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board or 11-3m

H. PRENDERGAST, Agent For Hanalei, Kauai. Sch. Prince.

Will run as a regular packet to the above ports. For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, or WALKER & ALLEN,

For Hilo and Onomea, Hawaii, Sch. Annie, Will run as a regular packet to the above erts. For freight or passage apply to

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WALKER & ALLEN, 11-3m REGULAR PACKET FOR HILD. THE SCHOONER

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Regular Packet For Lahaina and Makee's Landing The fine staunch clipper school M'KATE LEE'M

CRANE, Master,
Will run regularly and punctually on
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For HILO, PAUKAA and KAIWIKI,

鐵'MARY.' BALLISTER, Master, Will run regularly for the above ports. For freight or passage apply to

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California Lime.

WE KEEP A FUGL STOCK OF THIS W article, and are receiving fresh supplies by every packet, for sale at the lowest prices at 51-3m BOLLES & CO.

Expected Per Comet.

VASES OF CALIFORNIA Bread. Cases of Cala. Pilot Bread, 100 Time Assorted Crackers, all of which will be sold low prices by [6:17] BOLLES & CO.

The delay in the ratification by the

fully offset each other.

us. But this argument is not a conclusive one, for the duties of the two countries are not equal in ratio, and the amount given by the United States in 1868, under its present war rate of taxation, is double or reble perhaps what would be given up. say two years hence, if reciprocity were then under consideration. In other words the present enormous tax on sugars will be reduced as a boon to their own people,

all foreign sugars, which is sure soon to be made by Congress. By the tables it is shown that the duties collected in 1867 in the United States on nerchandise from Hawaii was \$569.191, and this amount the Treaty, if it was in operation, would have reduced by \$346,-973. We do not call that stunning figure

It is true, that more of our sugars under the treaty would be made into refining grades, but the drift now is, to make these grades whether the treaty passes or not, so that we may reasonably conclude that

THE ERUPTION. Our latest news from the cruption is by the

but a few inches below the surface. The lava thrown out in Kahuku parted

large conical bill similar to Punch Bowl. ent of which has not yet been traced. Reounds them. On these uninvaded spots any cattle found shelter, and have since rescued, or when too exhausted for re-

me, and even court the assistance of the men who are trying to rescue them.

This flow has been short and violent There still remains heavy smoke about the island, and the earthquakes have not entirely ceased. The inhabitants are by no means certain that the volcanic action has entirely ceased, and fear that other lava eruptions will brenk forth. An opinion is affect that the smoke can not be accounted for by the volcanic activity thus far observed on Manna Lon. This smoke has been met nearly 500 miles to the westward; and a thousand miles to the eastward by the D. C. Murray, directly in the teeth of the trade winds, if it indeed all arises from Mauna Loa. Some believe

Kona, Hawaii, 14th April, 1868. DEAR SIR: In continuing my report of the attraordinary volcanic phenomena taking lace in this Island I feel that is now the less aluable, inasmuch as there are those here hose express object is, to gain every lots of formation for the benefit of the world in heral. However, I will as usual send you y observation of the last week. In the est place, I may state that the Earthquake Period may be said (as far as we know), to be at an end. It is true that we have a continual at an end. It is true that we have a continual reminder that there are such things as earth-quake shocks in the world, but in comparison with what we have experienced these are nothing. Our greatest anxiety has arisen from the immense volume of smoke which has hung like a pall over the earth for several days, for it not only hindered our sight of where the activeness of the volcano showed itself, but also threatened to destroy all vegetation, and endanger human life. This smoke first discovered itself on Wednesday the 8th, and it increased in density until the sun itself was totally obscured. The appearance of things was so alarming that on the 9th I deemed it prudent to make preparations for a hasty departure in case of any sudden ap-pearance of lays designs toward. many of whom however had, and I think wisely and prudently, withdrawn from the immediate vicinity of the disturbance. The resports received day by day are sufficiently contradictory to make people doubt respecting the accuracy of any one of them. Sometimes we hear five craters are opened, sometimes four; now they are in this direction, then in that. Mr. Whitney has witnessed the operation of the new crater at Kahaka he operation of the new crater at Kannku, which is in close proximity to Capt. Brown's ionse, the inmates of which escaped almost afraculously, and his account of the same is sufficiently aintraing. One thing is very re-narkable: no indication of the cruption is

first, this was no suprise, for the smoke was so very dense; it has now cleared away, and still there is no indication of fire. It is reported that the old erater of Maka-

from the dense smoke, but yesterday fresh smoke made its appearance, and it is now very unpleasant. I have made a journey to the scene of the late eruption, but everything was quiet; the late late eruption, but everything crater was quiescent. This was last Friday and Saturday, (17th and 18th). The surface of the lava had sufficiently copied to allow ayself and herse to go over the new flow, which we did. Where the new flow has rossed the road, I do not consider it to be

C. G. WILLIAMSON.

report was accepted.
On motion of His Ex., S. H. Phillips, the petition from Koolauloa, contesting the elec-tion from that district. The committee, on examination, saw no reason why the seat of Mr. Wilder should be disputed. Heport

report.

Mr. Nahaku objected, because it was admitted in the case of the Hanalei election that the Inspectors had done wrong. It will be a bad precedent if the Assembly do away with the that we shall hear of submarine action far to the eastward, and perhaps a new island, but we will not venture an opinion on smoke.

The days of the land, therefore, he moved that the question be taken up to-days by the House in Committee of the Whole.

> Mr. Knudsen favored the motion of the member from Kaanapali, because he thought that immediate action should be taken upon

ain like a cannon ball, or water under pressure from a hore; that it passed over a considerable space of ground, leaving that much
uniquered and prevented. It would be address on Monday. April 27th, at 12 M.

read and rejected. Kumahoa introduced a rule that the Chair be empowered to have the Sergeant-at-Arms remove drunken members. Lost. Mr. Kalu introduced a resolution that the

His Ex. C. de Varigny amended by Snosti-tuting the salaries of the last session. Mr. Hopu amended to pay the Secretary \$10 per day, Translator \$7, Messenger \$2, and Janitor \$1,50. Lost. First amendment, making the pay of the Secretary \$10, Translator \$10, Messenger \$3, and Janitor \$1,50. Carried.

The bill entitled " An Act to enable the Coldrawal of alcohol in certain cases." Passed The bill entitled "An Act to provide for th

risiliction of the Supreme Court," passed its

EIGHTH DAY, MONDAY, April 27th. House met at 10 A. M. H. H. M. Kekuace in the chair. proper by the Chaplain.

Minutes of proceeding Saturday read and ap-

Sunday 12A.—6:57 A. M., two successive takes; 9:55 F. M., moderate shock.

Mr. W. C. Jones reported from the Committees a draft of the thanks of the Assembly to the earth.

Therefore 14th.—8:44. be moved be ordered for engressment.

Mr. Kellipio moved to accept the report

the consideration of his resolution. Carried.
The resolution was passed.
COMMITTEE.—Hons. H. B. Hitchcock, D.

King. His Ex. C. de Varigny amended to refer to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Keaweh annual amended to refer to a Ar. Kanakana sand he let t his duty to raise this question. He expected that some action would have been taken upon it before. The practice of the Assembly had been to in-spect the credentials of Representatives, and he thought that the rights of Nobles should

He then moved that the Bill be taken from the Judiciary Committee and referred to a special committee. Adopted. COMMITTEE.—S. H. Phillips, C. J. Lyons, J. A. Nabaku, V. Knudsen and P. Nahaolelus, Mr. Kalakana wished to give to the commit-tee certain amendments. Permitted. Mr. Hitchcock moved that the amendments to Article 56 of the Constitution be read. The swendment was then read by the Sec

> lips moved to postpone further action till to morrow. Carried. His Ex. then moved that the Bill entitled, "An Act to provide for reports of Judicial Business be read. On motion of Mr. Keawshunahala the Bill